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MATHS \\ \\ PUZZLE BOOK \\ \\ PUZZLE BOOK \\ \\ VOLUME FIVE \\ \\ VOLUME FIVE \\ = for keen puzzlers aged 11 to 105 ! =
}

$\diamond$ The reason for producing this Puzzle Book is because I am aware that in this era of the "virus", periods of boredom will creep in and the puzzles can be done as light relief.
$\checkmark \quad$ This document is not connected to any organisation and there are no financial implications involved. This is me giving back to Society which has treated me well.
$\checkmark \quad$ This booklet can be printed in black and white or colour and it can be printed page by page if you do not want to print the whole document.

I have a great deal more material to consider for further publications. Do let me know which are your favourite puzzles and I will include more in the next edition.

Place the list of numbers on the right hand-side into the grid.

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
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## DITLOIDS

With the information given work out the expressions.

$$
5 \mathrm{~F} \text { on your } \mathrm{H}=5 \text { fingers on your hand }
$$

| 200 P- for P- G- in M- | 1 W- on a U- |
| :---: | :---: |
| 7 S- on a F- P- P- | 57 H- V- |
| 3 B- M- $\ldots$. (S- H- T- R-) | 11 P- in a F- T- |
| 13 L- in a B- D- | 29 D- in F- in a L- Y- |
| 24 H- in a D- | 64 S- on a C- B- |

## SIX LETTER WORDS

Rearrange the two-letter pieces to make six sensible 6-letter words

| ky | ja | br | ch | yf | jo |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| wi | le | ul | et | rd | on |
| zz | za | ze | ch | pu | al |

MAKE 24
Using ALL four numbers write a number sentence where the result is 24.
You can only use the simple operations addition, multiplication, subtraction and division.

| 8 | 11 | 14 | 6 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :--- |
| 2 | 13 | 6 | 15 |  |
| 3 | 3 | 3 | 10 |  |
|  | 6 | 13 | 3 |  |
|  | 15 | 1 | 8 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |

## ORDERING CARDS

By reading through the instructions put the numbers in the correct order.
Using playing cards or numbered cards will make it easier to solve. None of the numbers are in their actual positions. 1 cannot be the first card, 2 cannot be the second card and so on.

FOUR CARDS = 1234
The even numbers are not next to each other.
The 4 is next to and on the left of the 1.
The middle two cards add up to 3 .

FIVE CARDS = 12345
The first and second cards add up to 7 as does the fourth and fifth cards.
The 5 is to the left of the 3 .
The 4 is to the right of 1 .
The first, the third and the fifth cards add up to 7.

SIX CARDS = 123456
The first and third cards add up to 5 as does the fourth and sixth cards.
When multiplied together the second and fifth cards equal 30.
The 1 is next to and to the right of the 2 .

## SEVEN CARDS = 1234567

The first two cards add up to 10 and the last two cards add up to 8.
The 2 is two places away from the 3 .
The 7 is to the right of 5 .
The 4 is next to the 2 .
The 6 is five places away from the 7.

EIGHT CARDS = 12345678
When multiplied together the first two cards equal 24.
The last two cards equal 4 when multiplied together.
The 8 is four places away from the 5 .
The 2 is two places away from the 6 .
The 1 is three places away from the 7 .
When multiplied together the third and sixth cards equal 30.

## BROKEN CALCULATORS

## LETTERED DICE

Each face on the 4 dice has a different letter on it. By rearranging them you can make the following words. Work out which letter belongs to which dice

| AMIR | ARCH | BAND | BARE |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| COLT | CHOP | CLAY | FLED |
| JOWL | KIND | KNOB | LOAM |
| SNIP | THOU | VIEW | Noxorz |

DICE 1 DICE 2 DICE 3 DICE 4
You have to use all the available keys, and only ONCE, to make the total


## FILL IT IN!

With the exception of one, all the words have been removed from this crossword.
The aim is to return all the data to make a complete version

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|  |  |  | H |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |


|  | AM | ALE | EELS | AMIGA | COTTON | POSTAL |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | ME | AMP | LANE | CLEAT | CREATE | RECITE |
|  | OH | ASP | OPAL | NOOSE | EARNER | RENNIN |
|  | OH | EEL | RIOT | PRINT | EMODIN | RIPPLE |
|  | ON | GIN | SASH | SOUPS | FLARES | SKETCH |
|  | OR | GNU | SOME |  | GATORS | SPHERE |
|  |  | HEN | THEE |  | HIDDEN | SRAHDA |
|  |  | LOT | TOPS |  | INDOOR | STICKS |
|  |  | NAG |  |  | LARDON | STITCH |
|  |  | OUR |  |  | MANGOS | TARTAN |
|  |  |  | PEN |  |  | NILGAI | TASARS | THE |
| :--- |

## ADDING PAIRS

From the list of numbers find pairs which add up to the totals as shown


## CATCH THE TRAIN

Answer the questions about this timetable

| Reading $\sim$ | (7)d | 1504 | 1528 | 1604 | 1632 | 1651 | 1704 | 1732 | 1804 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Wokingham $s$ | d | 1513 | 1539 | 1613 | 1641 | 1701 | 1713 | 1741 | 1813 |
| Crowthorne | d | 1518 | 1544 | 1618 | - | 1706 | 1718 | 1746 | 1818 |
| Sandhurst | d | 1522 | 1548 | 1622 | - | 1710 | 1722 | 1749 | 1822 |
| Blackwater | d | 1525 | 1551 | 1625 | 1649 | 1713 | 1725 | 1753 | 1825 |
| Farnborough North | d | 1530 | . | 1630 | . | 1718 | 1730 | . | 1830 |
| North Camp | d | 1534 | 1558 | 1634 | 1655 | 1722 | 1734 | 1759 | 1834 |
| Ash | (3)d | 1538 | . | 1638 | . | 1726 | 1738 | . | 1838 |
| Wanborough | d | - | - | 1642 | - | . | 1742 | - | - |
| Guildford 9 | a | 1547 | 1609 | 1649 | 1708 | 1735 | 1749 | 1810 | 1847 |
| Guildford $\rightarrow$ | d | 1548 | 1610 | 1650 | 1709 | 1736 | 1750 | 1811 | 1850 |
| Shalford | d | 1553 | . | 1655 | . | 1741a | 1755 | . | 1855 |
| Chilworth | d | 1557 | - | 1659 | - | . | 1759 | - | 1859 |
| Gomshall | d | 1604 | - | 1706 | - | - | 1806 | - | 1906 |
| Dorking West | d | 1611 | . | 1713 | - | - | 1814 | . | 1913 |
| Dorking Deepdene $\sim$ | d | 1613 | 1628 | 1716 | 1726 | - | 1816 | 1828 | 1916 |
| Betchworth | d | 1618 | . | 1721 | . | - | 1821 | . | 1921 |
| Reigate $s \rightarrow$ | d | 1623 | 1636 | 1726 | 1734 | - | 1826 | 1835 | 1926 |
| Redhill 9 | a | 1627 | 1640 | 1732 | 1740 | - | 1830 | 1839 | 1932 |
| Gatwick Airport $+\infty$ | (2) a | . | 1652 | . | 1751 | - | . | 1850 | . |

1. I leave Crowthorne to Betchworth on the 1618. How long did the journey take (in minutes)?
2. Instead of leaving Reading at 1504 I took the 1528 train to Redhill. How many minutes less is my train journey compared to the 1504?
3. I leave Sandhurst at 1722 and arrive in Ash to visit my Granny for an hour. What is the earliest time I will get to Redhill?
4. I left Blackwater to go to Blackwater on the 1713 and found I made a mistake when I arrived in Guildford. What time can I expect to arrive at Gatwick now?
5. Which is the quickest train from Reading to Gatwick?

## COUNTING DOWN!

Similar to "Make 24 " but you do not have to use all the numbers. You can only use the simple operations addition, multiplication, subtraction and division

|  | 50 | 3 | 4 | 7 | 5 | 6 | 277 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Ans: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 75 | 4 | 3 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 136 |
| Ans: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 25 | 7 | 7 | 8 | 2 | 3 | 448 |
| Ans: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 50 | 2 | 7 | 4 | 6 | 5 | 245 |
| Ans: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 100 | 5 | 9 | 7 | 3 | 6 | 172 |
| Ans: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## JUMPING COUNTERS

The aim is to move the pink counters into positions 1,2 and 3 and the blue counters to 4,5 and 6 leaving position 7 empty. The counters can jump to the next circle if it is unoccupied, or move one or two counters to an unoccupied circle. They can jump in either direction.

Example: 4 to 1,5 to 4,3 to 5,6 to 3 . It is possible to do it in 10 moves.
Counters can be purchased cheaply from EBAY for less than $£ 2.50$ including postage.


## PUZZLES

PUZZLE ONE: You do not need dice to solve this puzzle. When you throw an even number you add 2 plus the number on the dice $(2+4=6)$ and if you throw an odd number you subtract 1 and add the number on the dice $(3-1=2)$

What is my result if I throw the following: $\begin{array}{llllll}4 & 5 & 4 & 3 & 2\end{array}$
PUZZLE TWO: My dear frog fell down a 12 metre well. During the day he could climb 3 metres but at night he slips down 2 metres. How many days will it take the frog to get out of the well?

PUZZLE THREE: Rearrange the following values and pair them up to make square numbers when added. A square number is the result of multiplying a number by itself: 9 is a square number because it is the result of $3 \times 3$.

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PUZZLE FOUR: Small oranges cost $8 p$ each and the large ones cost 13 p each. I bought some oranges and I paid $£ 1$. How many small and how many large oranges did I buy?

PUZZLE FIVE: Find two numbers which add up to 33 and when multiplied together the answer is 200.

## SOLUTIONS

DITLOIDS: 200 Pounds for Passing Go in Monopoly, 7 Sides on a Fifty Pence Piece, 3 Blind Mice (See How They Run), 13 Loaves in a Bakers Dozen, 24 Hours in a Day, 1 Wheel on a Unicycle, 57 Heinz Varieties, 11 Players in a Football Team, 29 Days in February in a Leap Year, 64 Squares on a Chess Board SIX LETTER WORDS: bronze, chalky, jacket, joyful, puzzle, wizard COUNTING DOWN AND MAKE 24: there are many combinations. Ask somebody to check them or use a calculator ORDERING CARDS: Four 4123, Five 25134 Six 352164 Seven 6425371 Eight 38672514 LETTERED DICE: AFKPTW, CEJMNU, BGHILQ, DORSVY BROKEN CALCULATORS: $36+47=83$ (plus other combinations), $105-26=79,4+5 \times 16=144,18 \div 3 \times 20=120,2 \times 6+40 \div 5=20,278$ $+435=713$ (plus other combinations) ADDING PAIRS: 25 15, $522 ; 724,2016,2821 ; 3034,2125,3132 ; 1115,1726,2912,28$ 14; 13 15, 18 25, 29 28, 33 26, 19 31; 27 29, 35 25, 21 19, 31 17, 2333,3426 ANAGRAMS: school teacher, Alton Towers, Wolverhampton, restaurant, Winston Churchill, Switzerland, dungeon, chimneys, tomatoes, farthing, Harry Potter, Downing Street CATCH THE TRAIN: 63 minutes, 11 minutes, 19:32, 18:50, 17:32 PUZZLES: 34; 9 days; $36,412,531,1015 ; 6$ small 4 large; 8 and 25

